## MID-WESTERN UNIVERSITY, FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT MASTER IN BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (MBA), SYLLABUS 2072 (2016)

Course Title		Organization Behavior
		MGT 526
Course Code Number		03
Credit Hours		Semester: II
Year: I Course Objectives:		Semester: II
9		
Main Objective		Organizational Behaviors is designed to prepare students for a career in a variety of fields including Human Resources Management, Organizational Consulting, and Industrial Relations. This course improves the students' abilities to apply OB theory to effectively diagnose and solve individual, team and organization-wide problems for improved organizational effectiveness. Topics such as performance management and rewards, creativity, organizational culture, change and development, stress, negotiation organizational structure and job design are highlighted during the course.
Enabling Objectives		<ul> <li>After the completion of the course students will be able to;</li> <li>Explain and apply the major concepts and theories in organizational behavior, to become a better influencer and manager.</li> <li>Discuss the complex issues involved in managing organizational behavior as well as the future challenges.</li> <li>diagnose the causes of OB problems, make effective recommendations for Improvements</li> <li>Present the diagnosis and recommendations in a professional and convincing manner</li> <li>Function effectively as a member of a self-directed work team</li> </ul>
Learning Unit (LU)	Learning Hour (LH)	Contents
LU 1	6	<b>Introduction</b> Meaning and importance of OB, OB model, disciplines contributing to OB, critical issues confronting managers, implications of OB for managers,
LU 2	16	<ul> <li>Culture, Attitude and Personality</li> <li>Biographicalcharacteristics: age, gender, tenure, religion,</li> <li>Attitude: meaning, components, behavior attitude relation, major job attitudes, Job satisfaction: introduction causes and impact of job satisfaction,</li> <li>Values and beliefs: meaning, importance and types of values, beliefs and its interrelationship with other psychological components</li> <li>Perception: meaning, importance, factors influencing perception, person perception, individual decision making: meaning and models- rational and bounded rationality, errors in decision making, individual and organizational influences on decision making,</li> <li>Personality: meaning, Myers- Briggs type indicator, big five model, some personality traits relevant to OB,</li> <li>Motivation: meaning and significance, theories on motivation – hierarchy of needs theory, two factor theory, McClelland's theory of motivation, techniques to motivate employees,</li> </ul>

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		• Learning: meaning, theories of learning – meaning and
		significance, theories of learning- classical conditioning, operant conditioning, social and observational learning
LU 3	12	Group, Leadership and Conflict Management
		Group and team: meaning of group, reasons behind forming group,
		stages of group development, group properties, group decision making-
		meaning, features and pros and cons, meaning of team, types of team,
		features of team,
		<b>Communication</b> : meaning and significance, communication process,
		types of communication, direction of communication, barriers to
		effective communication
		Leadership and power: meaning, theories of leadership- traits,
		behavioral and contingency theories, contemporary theories of
		leadership – charismatic leadership, transformational leadership, servant
		leadership, power- meaning and sources,
		<b>Conflict management</b> : meaning, different views on conflict, causes of
		conflict and techniques and approaches to managing conflict
LU 4	10	OB at System Level
		Organizational structure: meaning, elements of structure, common
		organizational designs, emerging concepts in organizational structure,
		determinants of structure, OB and organizational structure
		Organizational culture: meaning, nature and types, learning culture,
		culture and OB
		Stress management: meaning and source of stress, consequence of
		stress and managing stress
		Change management: meaning, forces for change, resistance to
		changes, planned change, approaches to managing change – three steps
T TT #		model, action research, organization development,
LU 5	4	OB Outcome
		Attitude and stress, task performance, absenteeism, turnover,
		organizational citizenship, job satisfaction, workplace behaviour, group
Deference		cohesion, group functioning, survival, withdrawal
References		1. Robbins, S.P., Judge, T.A., Sanghi, S (2009). Organizational
		<ul><li>Behaviour, Pearson Education.</li><li>2. Stoner, R. James A.F., Edward Freeman Daniel R Gilbert Jr.,</li></ul>
		2. Stoher, K. James A.F., Edward Freeman Damer K Gibert Jr., Management 6TH Ed, .Prentice-Hall of India.
		3. George, J. M. & Jones, G.R. (2009). Understanding and Managing
		Organizational Behaviour 5th Edition, Pearson Education.
		4. Green Berg, J. and Baron, R.A. (2008), Behaviour in Organization.
		Prentice Hall of India.
		5. Nelson, Debra L and James C Quick, Organisaitonal Behaviour,
		Tomson learning.
		6. Pareek, Udai, Understanding OrganisationlBehaviour, Oxford
		University Press, New Delhi.
		a conversity i ress, New Denn.

Net Contact Hour is 48 excluding the exams and tests. Evaluation Module: 50 percent will be assessed through the internal evaluation and 50 percent will be assessed through end semester examination